

KLEENCLADTM

PVC anti-microbial panels are increasingly popular due to their durability, hygiene, and ease of maintenance.

KEY BENEFITS

Superior Hygiene & Food Safety

- Active Anti-Microbial Protection
- HACCP / FDA / EU 10/2011 compliant
- No grout lines
- Easy to clean

Waterproof & Moisture-Resistant

- 100% impermeable
- Ideal for wet processing areas

Durable & Impact-Resistant

- Does not crack or chip
- Resists corrosion

Easy & Fast Installation

- Lightweight (can be installed over existing walls)
- · Modular systems (minimal downtime during retrofits)
- · No curing time (unlike tile grout)

Cost-Effective Long-Term

- Lower maintenance costs
- 15-20 year lifespan with minimal upkeep

Compliance with Industry Standards

- Meets HACCP, BRCGS, GMP, and EHEDG guidelines
- Audit-friendly (smooth surfaces pass sanitation inspections easily)

Key Uses in Food Processing Industries

- 1. Raw Meat & Poultry Processing
- Walls & ceilings in slaughterhouses, deboning room
- Prevents bacterial cross-contamination (e.g., Salmonella, E. coli)
- 2. Dairy & Beverage Plants
- Milk processing & cheese aging rooms
- Washdown areas (handles frequent cleaning with caustic agents).
- 3. Ready-to-Eat (RTE) Food Zones
- Sandwich, salad, and meal prep areas (anti-microbial protection).
- · Packaging rooms (allergen control).
- 4. Seafood & Fish Processing
- · Wet processing zones (waterproof, no rust or degradation).
- · Cold storage walls (prevents condensation-related mold).



- Sugar & flour-dense areas
- Dough mixing rooms
- 6. Pharmaceutical & Nutraceutical Facilities
- Cleanrooms & GMP zones

WHERE SHOULD PVC ANTI MICROBIAL PANELS BE AVOIDED?

Extreme heat zones (e.g.,near ovens, fryers) Areas with heavy mechanical abrasion (forklift traffic)

CONCLUSION: WHY CHOOSE PVC ANTI-MICROBIAL PANELS?

FACTOR	PVC PANELS	STEEL	CERAMIC TILES	
Hygiene	Best (active anti-microbial)	Good (but passive)	Poor (grout traps bacteria)	
Durability	High (no cracks/chips)	Highest (but dents)	Brittle	
Maintenance	Easiest (wipe clean)	Moderate (polishing)	High (grout cleaning)	
Cost	Moderate	Moderate	Cost effective (but labor-heavy)	





PARAMETER	PARAMETER PVC ANTI-MICROBIAL PANELS PPGI (PRE-PAINTED GALVANIZED IRON)		IDEAL FOR FOOD INDUSTRY
Material Composition	Rigid PVC with silver ions	Galvanized steel + polyester/epoxy coating	PPGI lacks food-grade safety
Hygiene & Microbial Control			PVC required for high-care zones
Water/Chemical Resistance	Impermeable; pH 1-14 resistant		
Surface Smoothness (Ra)	0.2-0.5 μm (EHEDG-compliant)	0.5-1.2 μm 0.5-1.2 μm (prone to pitting)	PVC better for clean ability
Temperature Range			PVC limited near heat
Impact Resistance			PVC more durable
Lifespan	Lifespan 15-20 years 5-10 years (coating peels)		PPGI high replacement cost
Compliance	FDA/HACCP, EHEDG	Not food-contact approved	PPGI banned in food zones

KEY BENEFITS

- PPGI is NOT a stainless steel substitute in food processing.
- Coatings degrade, exposing zinc (toxic in food contact) and risking rust.
- Where it's used: Dry storage, exterior cladding, or non-food structural parts.
- PVC is superior for hygiene-critical zones:
- + Walls/ceilings in meat, dairy, and ready-to-eat (RTE) areas.
- Compliant with HACCP , FDA, EHEDG, and BRCGS standard

STAINLESS STEEL (304/316L) REMAINS MANDATORY FOR

- Direct food contact surfaces
- · High-heat or heavy-abuse zones
- Thinner-gauge stainless steel (430/201) Lower cost than 316L for non-corrosive zones
- Food-grade FRP (Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic) For walls in medium-hygiene areas.
- PVC-coated steel Rare, but offers better corrosion resistance than PPGI.

FINAL RECOMMENDATION

- For walls/ceilings: Use PVC anti-microbial panels (best hygiene/cost balance).
- For food-contact surfaces: Stainless steel (304/316L) is non-negotiable.

Never use PPGI in food zones -It violates food safety regulations.

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